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TITLE 3—THE PRESIDENT

PROCLAMATION 2785

FRANCIS MARION NATIONAL FOREST WILDLIFE PRESERVE

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS section 1 of Public Law 257, 80th Congress, approved July 30, 1947, provides that "for the purpose of providing breeding places for game animals and birds and for the protection and administration of game animals and birds, and fish, the President of the United States is hereby authorized, upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Agriculture, to establish by public proclamation certain specified federally owned areas within the Francis Marion National Forest as game sanctuaries and refuges"; and

WHEREAS the Secretary of Agriculture has recommended that the lands owned by the United States within the area hereinafter described be established as a game sanctuary and refuge; and

WHEREAS it appears that the establishment of such sanctuary and refuge would be in the public interest:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HARRY S. TRUMAN, President of the United States of America, under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the aforesaid act of July 30, 1947, do proclaim that for the purpose of providing breeding places for game animals and birds and for the protection and administration of game animals and birds, and fish, all of the lands owned by the United States in the following-described area within the Francis Marion National Forest, in the State of South Carolina, are hereby established as a game sanctuary and refuge, to be known as the Francis Marion National Forest Wildlife Preserve:

Beginning at the point of confluence of Wambaw Creek and the South Santee River, in the Berkeley and Charleston County Line, latitude 33°12'47" N., longitude 79°26'49" W., thence southwesterly, up and with the meanders of Wambaw Creek, bordering U. S. Tract 113n, and on the Charleston-Berkeley County line, 156.0 chains to Forest Service monument 708; thence four lines with U. S. Tract 70: (1) southeasterly with Echaw Road, 75.0 chains to Forest Service monument 717, (2) southwesterly with Old Stage Coach Road, 69.0 chains to Forest Service monument 706, (3) S. 45°45' W., 114.30 chains to a point, (4) S. 73°45' W., 3.50 chains to Forest Service monument 684; thence with U. S. Tracts 13aa and 48, southeasterly 73.0 chains to Old Georgetown Road; thence with Old Georgetown Road, southwesterly 81.0 chains to line corners 2–3 of U. S. Tract 48; thence N. 30°00' W., 23.3 chains to Forest Service monument 683; thence southerly, with the east lines of U. S. Tract 113o, 61.3 chains to corner 34 thereof; thence southeasterly, with the NE lines of U. S. Tract 13z, 57.3 chains to Forest Service monument 682–1; thence with east and southeast lines of U. S. Tract 113o, passing in line corners 2 to 9 thereof, 158.5 chains to Forest Service monument 671; thence with northeast and southeast lines of U. S. Tract 49, passing in line corners 23 to 27 thereof, 119.2 chains to Forest Service monument 577; thence southwesterly, within U. S. Tract 49 and with Old Georgetown Road, 85.0 chains to line corners 39 to 40 thereof; thence N. 34°50' W., 21.0 chains to corner 40 of U. S. Tract 49 and Forest Service monument 567; thence southwesterly with U. S. Tract 49, passing in line corners 41 to 44, inclusive, 274.1 chains to corner 45 thereof; thence with the NE and SE lines of U. S. Tract 243, passing in line corners 4 to 13, inclusive, 111.5 chains to Forest Service monument 544–1; thence with the SE and SW lines of U. S. Tract 189, passing corners 2 and 3 thereof, 24.1 chains to Forest Service monument 544; thence with lands of Stepney Cash Estate, S. 36°45' W., 3.1 chains to corner 1 of U. S. Tract 74; thence with the SE lines of U. S. Tracts 74 and 189a, 21.7 chains to corner 2 of U. S. Tract 225; thence within said U. S. Tract 225, S. 66°20' W., 32.5 chains to corner 18 of said Tract 225, common to corner 63 of U. S. Tract 1; thence southwesterly, with five lines of said Tract 1, passing in line corners 64 and 65 thereof, 112.0 chains to corner 66; thence within said Tract 1, S. 76°30' W., 19.0 chains to corner 69; thence two lines with U. S. Tract 1: (1) S. 85°09' W., 24.6 chains, (2) S. 77°50' W., 14.0 chains to corner 70 thereof; thence within U. S. Tract 1, N. 68°45' W., 50.0 chains to corner 73, thereof; thence two lines with U. S. Tract 1: (1) N. 45°25' W., 14.3 chains to corner 74, (2) S. 0°40' E., 80.0 chains to corner 75; thence continue within U. S. Tract 1, S. 85°30' W., 38.5 chains to Forest Service monument 503; thence westerly with Willow Hall Road, also known as Forest Service Road No. 40, 249.0 chains to Cooter Creek; thence northwesterly, up and with Cooter Creek, 88.0 chains to Forest Service monument 450; thence with U. S.

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THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

FEDERAL REGISTER

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CODIFICATION GUIDE

A numerical list of the parts of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in this issue. Proposed rules, as opposed to final actions, are identified as such.

CODIFICATION GUIDE—Con.

Tract 1, N. 32°45' W., 37.7 chains to corner 52, common to corner 47 of U. S. Tract 11; thence with U. S. Tract 11, N. 30°15' W., 11.5 chains to corner 48, common to corner 7 of U. S. Tract 6a; thence with U. S. Tract 6a, N. 69°25' W., 9.4 chains to corner 1, common to corner 3 of U. S. Tract 1h; thence with U. S. Tract 1h, N. 69°25' W., 12.3 chains to Halfway Creek Road, in the Charleston-Berkeley County Line; thence northeasterly with Halfway Creek Road, and along the Charleston-Berkeley County Line, 375.0 chains to corner 11 of U. S. Tract 11; thence two lines with U. S. Tract 11: (1) N. 45°45' E., 42.9 chains to corner 12 thereof, (2) N. 37°00' W., 15.8 chains to Halfway Creek Road; thence northeasterly with Halfway Creek Road, passing in line Forest Service monuments 484 and 602, 227.0 chains to junction with Thompson Branch Road; thence northeasterly with Halfway Creek Extension Road,

225.0 chains to junction with Coffee Road; thence southeasterly with Coffee Road, 20.0 chains to Honey Hill Tower Road; thence easterly, with Honey Hill Tower Road and through U. S. Tract 3, 150.0 chains to line 22-23 of U. S. Tract 3; thence S. 44°45' E., along line 22-23 of U. S. Tract 3, 78.0 chains to corner 23 thereof, identical with Forest Service monument 653; thence two lines with U. S. Tract 3: (1) N. 45°30' E., 16.4 chains, (2) N. 39°40' E., 10.0 chains to corner 24 of U. S. Tract 3, identical with corner 9 of U. S. Tract 16; thence three lines with U. S. Tract 16: (1) N. 43°00' E., 6.2 chains, (2) N. 42°30' E., 18.8 chains, (3) N. 44°45' W., 85.0 chains to Waterhorn Fence; thence northeasterly with Waterhorn Fence and within lands of the United States, 460.0 chains to the South Santee River; thence southeasterly with lands of the United States and along the South Santee River, 710.0 chains to the point of beginning.

All persons are hereby informed that it is unlawful to hunt, catch, trap, willfully disturb, or kill any kind of game animals, game or nongame bird, or fish, or to take the eggs of any such bird, on any lands of the United States herein designated or in or on the waters thereof, except under such general rules and regulations as may be prescribed from time to time by the Secretary of Agriculture.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 10th day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and forty-
[SEAL] eight, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and seventy-second.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

By the President:

G. C. MARSHALL,
Secretary of State.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4356; Filed, May 11, 1948; 11:26 a. m.]

PROCLAMATION 2786

EXTENSION OF TIME FOR RENEWING TRADE-MARK REGISTRATIONS: THE PHILIPPINES

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS by the act of Congress approved July 17, 1946, 60 Stat. 568, the President is authorized, under the conditions prescribed in that act, to grant an extension of time for the fulfillment of the conditions and formalities for the renewal of trade-mark registrations prescribed by section 12 of the act authorizing the registration of trade-marks used in commerce with foreign nations or among the several States or with Indian tribes, and to protect the same, approved February 20, 1905, as amended (15 U. S. C. 92), by nationals of countries which accord substantially equal treatment in this respect to citizens of the United States of America:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HARRY S. TRUMAN, President of the United States of America, under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the aforesaid act of July 17, 1946, do find and proclaim that with respect to trade-marks of nationals of the Philippines registered in the United States Patent Office which have been subject to renewal on or after December 8, 1941, there has existed during several years since that date, because of conditions growing out of World War II, such disruption or suspension of facilities essential to compliance with the conditions and formalities prescribed with respect to renewal of such registrations by section 12 of the aforesaid act of February 20, 1905, as amended, as to bring such registrations within the terms of the aforesaid act of July 17, 1946; that the Philippines accords substantially equal treatment in this respect to trade-mark proprietors who are citizens of the United States; and that accordingly the time within which compliance with conditions and formalities prescribed with respect to renewal of registrations under section 12 of the aforesaid act of February 20, 1905, as amended, may take place is hereby extended with respect to such registrations which expired after December 8, 1941, and before June 30, 1947, until and including June 30, 1948.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 11th day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and
[SEAL] forty-eight and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and seventy-second.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

By the President:

G. C. MARSHALL,
Secretary of State.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4355; Filed, May 11, 1948; 11:26 a. m.]

TITLE 5—ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

Chapter I—Civil Service Commission

PART 22—APPEALS OF PREFERENCE ELIGIBLES UNDER THE VETERANS' PREFERENCE ACT OF 1944

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

1. Section 22.6 is amended to read as follows:

§ 22.6 *Where appeals shall be filed.* Appeals from employees in the Departmental Service in Washington, D. C., and the metropolitan area shall be submitted to the Chief Law Officer, United States Civil Service Commission, Washington 25, D. C.; appeals from employees in the Field Service in Washington, D. C. and the metropolitan area shall be submitted to the Director, Fourth United States Civil Service Region, Washington 25, D. C., and appeals from employees outside of these areas shall be submitted to the director of the appropriate civil service region or manager of any branch regional office.

2. The proviso clause at the end of paragraphs (b) and (c) of § 22.8 and at the end of paragraph (c) of § 22.9, and at the end of the first sentence of paragraph (a) of § 22.10 is hereby revoked.

3. Section 22.10 (c) is amended to read as follows:

§ 22.10 *Decision in the Commission.* * * *

(c) *Report by agencies to Commission of action taken or proposed to be taken on finding favorable to employee.* When the finding and recommendation is that the employee be restored to his position, or is otherwise favorable to the employee, the employing agency will, at the time the finding and recommendation is transmitted to it, be requested to report to the Chief Law Officer or the regional office, as the case may be, within seven (7) days of the receipt of such finding and recommendation, regarding the action taken or proposed to be taken by the employing agency.

4. The parenthetical clause reading "(and of the Commissioners in loyalty cases)" which appeared in the first sentence of paragraph (a) of § 22.11 and in the second sentence of paragraph (f) of § 22.11 is hereby revoked.

(Secs. 11, 14, 58 Stat. 387; 5 U. S. C. Sup. 860, 863)

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,
[SEAL] H. B. MITCHELL,
President.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4241; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:59 a. m.]

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter IV—Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, Department of Agriculture

PART 421—BEAN CROP INSURANCE

SUBPART—REGULATIONS FOR ANNUAL CONTRACTS COVERING 1948 CROP YEAR (DOLLAR COVERAGE INSURANCE)

Correction

In Federal Register Document 48-2002, appearing at page 1215 of the issue for Saturday, March 6, 1948, the following correction is made:

In § 421.1 the last line of paragraph (a) should read "Elbert County, Colo.," instead of "Elbert County, New York."

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter II—Administrator of Civil Aeronautics, Department of Commerce

PART 550—FEDERAL AID TO PUBLIC AGENCIES FOR DEVELOPMENTS OF PUBLIC AIRPORTS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Correction

In Federal Register Document 48-3907, appearing at page 2338 of the issue for Friday, April 30, 1948, the following correction is made:

In Appendix D, under "Estimated cost of proposed work (even dollars)" on page 2340, the "Estimated Federal share of cost" for item 1, now reading "75" should read "25".

TITLE 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

[Docket No. 5165]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

MARYLAND GLASS & MIRROR CO.

§ 3.295 (a5) *Concealing or obliterating law required or informative mark—Quality, grade or qualities:* § 3.66 (i) *Misbranding or mislabeling—Quality or grade:* § 3.69 (b) *Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Goods-quality.* In connection with the offering for sale, sale or distribution of window glass in commerce, (1) removing or obliterating any stamp, mark, or label placed on containers of window glass by the manufacturer thereof to indicate the grade, strength, or quality of such glass, and substituting therefor a stamp, mark or label indicating that such window glass is of a higher or different grade, strength or quality; (2) using the term "Grade A", or any equivalent term or designation, on individual sheets or panes of window glass, or on the containers in which window glass is sold or delivered, to indicate the grade or quality of window glass which is in fact of a lower grade or quality; (3) representing through the use of any stamp, mark or label on window glass, or on the containers thereof, or by any other means, that any of respondent's window glass is of a higher grade or quality or of greater strength than actually is the fact; or (4) selling or disposing of any window glass that is stamped, marked or labeled in such a manner as to indicate that such glass is of a higher grade or better quality than actually is the fact; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U. S. C., sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, Maryland Glass and Mirror Company, Docket 5165, March 12, 1948]

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 12th day of March A. D. 1948.

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission and the substitute answer of the respondent, in which answer the respondent, with certain exceptions, admitted all of the material allegations of fact set forth in the complaint and waived all intervening procedure and further hearing as to said facts; and the Commission having made its findings as to the facts and its conclusion that the respondent has violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act:

It is ordered, That the respondent, Maryland Glass & Mirror Company, a corporation, and its officers, agents, representatives and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale or distribution of window glass in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Removing or obliterating any stamp, mark or label placed on containers of window glass by the manufacturer thereof to indicate the grade, strength, or quality of such glass, and substituting therefor a stamp, mark or label indicating that such window glass is of a higher or different grade, strength, or quality.

2. Using the term "Grade A," or any equivalent term or designation, on individual sheets or panes of window glass, or on the containers in which window glass is sold or delivered, to indicate the grade or quality of window glass which is in fact of a lower grade or quality.

3. Representing through the use of any stamp, mark or label on window glass, or on the containers thereof, or by any other means, that any of respondent's window glass is of a higher grade or quality or of greater strength than actually is the fact.

4. Selling or disposing of any window glass that is stamped, marked or labeled in such a manner as to indicate that such glass is of a higher grade or better quality than actually is the fact.

It is further ordered, That the respondent shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon it of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which it has complied with this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] WM. P. GLENDENING, Jr.,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4236; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 20—EMPLOYEES' BENEFITS

Chapter III—Social Security Administration (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance), Federal Security Agency

[Regs. 3, Further Amended]

PART 403—FEDERAL OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE

PROVISIONS WITH RESPECT TO ADDITIONAL DEDUCTIONS AND WAIVER OF ADJUSTMENT OR RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENTS

Regulations No. 3, as amended (12 F. R. 570), are further amended as follows:

1. Section 403.504 is amended to read:

§ 403.504 *Additional deductions*—(a) *Reports to the Administration of events occasioning deductions.* This subsection of section 203 of the act imposes upon an individual the obligation to report to the Administration the occurrence of any of the events enumerated in subsection (d) or (e) of section 203 of the act (see § 403.503), if such individual is in receipt of benefits (on his own behalf or on behalf of another) from which a deduction is to be made under such subsections.

If such individual has knowledge of the occurrence of any such event and fails to report to the Administration prior to the receipt and acceptance of a benefit for the second month following the month in which such event occurred, a deduction is made (except as noted below) in addition to that required under section 203 (d) or (e) of the act. If, however, either a wage earner, or another individual in receipt of benefits based on his wages, reports to the Administration within the time prescribed, that such wage earner rendered services in a month for wages of $15 or more (see paragraph (a) of § 403.503), no such additional deduction will be made on account of the rendition of such services by the wage earner.

The amount of an additional deduction required hereunder and the manner in which it is effected are the same as provided for deductions under section 203 (d) or (e) of the act on account of the event which such individual failed to report, except that the amount of the first additional deduction imposed against any individual shall not exceed an amount equal to one month's benefit even though the failure to report is with respect to more than one month.

Example. H is entitled to receive a primary insurance benefit of $25 for each month and W, his wife, is entitled to a wife's insurance benefit of $12.50. H renders services for wages of not less than $15 in April and May 1947. If either H or W or any person in receipt of benefits on their behalf reported this fact to the Administration, prior to negotiating the benefit check for June, which was received on July 3, 1947, the deduction from H's benefits would be $50, and the deduction from W's benefits would be $25. No additional deduction would be imposed against either.

If neither H nor W nor any person in receipt of benefits on their behalf reported H's employment to the Administration until after negotiating the July check, which was received on August 3, 1947, and an additional deduction had previously been imposed against them for a prior failure to report, the deduction would be $100 from his benefits and $50 from W's benefits.

If no additional deduction had previously been imposed against H or W, the deduction as to H would be $75 and as to W would be $37.50.

If an additional deduction had previously been imposed against H but not against W, the deduction as to H would be $100 and as to W would be $37.50.

(b) *Having knowledge thereof.* Before an additional deduction may be imposed, it must be established that the individual charged with the duty to report had knowledge of, or by the exercise of that degree of diligence which reasonably could be expected of such individual, should have had knowledge both of:

(1) The occurrence of the event occasioning the deduction, and

(2) His obligation to report such event.

(c) *Presumptions as to knowledge and criteria for evaluating evidence*—(1) *In general.* It shall be presumed that an individual who caused a deduction event, and all other individuals residing in the same household, had knowledge of its occurrence. It also shall be presumed that an individual in receipt of benefits (on his own behalf or on behalf of another) had knowledge of his obligation to report to the Administration the occurrence of an event which subjects such benefits to a deduction. These presumptions shall be considered overcome where lack of knowledge is established by convincing evidence.

(2) *Lack of understanding of reporting requirements and other provisions of the act.* In applying these presumptions,

due regard shall be given to the nature of some of the provisions regarding deductions and to the difficulty of understanding implicit in those provisions. This would involve, for example, cases where:

(i) Services were rendered in one month for which the beneficiary was paid wages in another;

(ii) Taxes, wages in kind, etc., constitute wages;

(iii) Services were rendered in the month of filing application prior to such filing;

(iv) Services were rendered prior to receipt by the beneficiary of his first benefit check;

(v) Services were rendered in a month for which no benefit check was received;

(vi) Coverage of the employer was questionable;

(vii) Services were rendered in a "5-Saturday" (or similar work-day) month; and

(viii) The beneficiary earned exactly $15 a month. In such cases, no additional deduction will be imposed in the absence of evidence that the individual actually understood his obligation under the circumstances.

(3) *Convincing evidence.* In determining what constitutes convincing evidence of lack of knowledge, the following principles shall apply:

(i) An individual's statement shall be accepted as evidence and accorded due weight in the light of the circumstances of the case.

(ii) An individual shall not be charged with a degree of care greater than that which could reasonably be expected of the particular individual involved. However, failure to exercise that degree of care which could reasonably be expected of the individual concerned will be sufficient justification for imposing additional deductions.

(iii) Evidence of the good faith of an individual shall be considered an indication of his lack of knowledge.

(iv) Evidence of inability or impaired ability to readily understand or to remember the usual explanations and instructions given shall be considered an indication of lack of knowledge.

(v) Untoward circumstances such as extended sickness, mental anguish, etc., shall be considered as strongly affecting an individual's ability to realize or to perform his obligation to report.

(vi) Impossibility of performance of the obligation shall be considered as equivalent to lack of knowledge.

(vii) The lapse of a considerable period of time may be considered as affecting an individual's memory of his obligation to report or of the occurrence of a deduction event.

(viii) Where an individual's earnings exceed $14.99 but the total for the month is so small that instead of increasing his income by working he has in losing his benefits for one month actually lost money by working, it may be concluded in the absence of evidence to the contrary that he did not have knowledge of his obligation to report or that a reportable event had occurred.

2. The paragraph preceding paragraph (a) of § 403.601 is amended to read as follows:

§ 403.601 *Overpayments and underpayments.* Subsection (a) of section 204 of the act provides for adjustments, as set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, in cases where an error has been made which results in an overpayment or underpayment to an individual under Title II of the act, including overpayments and underpayments prior to January 1, 1940. The provisions for adjustments also apply in cases where, through error, a reduction or increase required under section 203 (a) or (b) of the act, or a reduction under section 202 (h) of the act, as amended, or a deduction under section 203 (d), (e), or (h) of the act or under section 907 of the Social Security Act Amendments of 1939, is not made, and where such a reduction, increase, or deduction is made which is either larger or smaller than required (see §§ 403.502 to 403.505, inclusive). The term "overpayment," as used herein, includes a payment where nothing was payable under Title II of the act and a payment resulting from the failure to impose timely deductions under section 203 (d) and (e) of the act (hereinafter referred to as a "deduction overpayment"). The term "underpayment," as used herein, includes nonpayment where some amount was payable under that title.

3. Section 403.602 is amended to read:

§ 403.602 *Waiver of adjustment or recovery*—(a) *General applicability.* Section 204 (b) of the act provides that there shall be no adjustment or recovery (by legal action or otherwise) by the United States in the case of an incorrect payment to an individual (including payments made prior to January 1, 1940), if the following conditions exist:

(1) Such individual is without fault, and

(2) Adjustment or recovery would either:

(i) Defeat the purpose of Title II of the act, or

(ii) Be against equity and good conscience.

(b) *Meaning of terms.* (1) "Fault," as used in "without fault," applies only to the individual. (Although the Administration may have been at fault in making the payment, that fact does not relieve the payee if he is not without fault.) What constitutes fault, except for "deduction overpayments" (see paragraph (c) of the section), depends upon whether the facts show the incorrect payment resulted from:

(i) An incorrect statement made by the individual which he knew or should have known to be incorrect;

(ii) Failure to furnish information which he knew or should have known to be material; or

(iii) Acceptance of a payment which he either knew or could have been expected to know was incorrect.

(2) "Defeat the purpose of Title II" means defeat the purpose of benefits under this title, i. e., to provide at least a subsistence income for beneficiaries. This depends upon whether the individual has an income or financial resources sufficient for more than ordinary needs, or is largely or solely dependent upon current payment of benefits for the necessities of life.

(3) "Against equity and good conscience" means that it would be inequitable to ask for repayment from the individual (regardless of his financial circumstances). This depends upon whether the individual by reason of the payment has

(i) Relinquished a valuable right, e. g., a wage earner who has retired from employment which he is now unable to regain; or

(ii) Changed his position for the worse, e. g., a wage earner entered into employment relying on the erroneous advice of a Bureau representative that his employment after entitlement is not covered and did not report the employment.

(c) *"Deduction overpayments"*—(1) *Definition of "without fault."* Except as provided in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph, an individual will be without fault in failing to report a deduction event and in accepting a "deduction overpayment" if and only if it is shown that such failure and acceptance is caused by one or more of the following:

(i) Misunderstanding as to whether the allowable limit of gross or net monthly earnings is $15 or $14.99, or as to whether the limit applies to gross earnings or "take-home" pay.

(ii) Reliance upon erroneous information as to the interpretation of the deduction provision or as to coverage of services, or the like, coming from official sources within the Administration or other governmental agency which the individual had reasonable cause to believe was connected with the administration of benefits under Title II.

(iii) Unawareness that his earnings were in excess of $14.99 or that he should have reported such excess, where these earnings were greater than anticipated because of:

(*a*) Retroactive increases in pay;

(*b*) Higher overtime pay rates;

(*c*) Work at higher paid work than realized;

(*d*) Failure of the employer of an individual unable to keep accurate record to restrict the amount of earnings or the number of hours worked in accordance with a previous agreement intended to avoid deductions;

(*e*) The occurrance of five Saturdays (or other work-days) in a month; or

(*f*) Unexpected bonus or vacation pay.

(iv) Lack of knowledge that services were covered, or the earnings were "wages," because of assurances sought and received from his employer that the services were not covered or that the money paid was not "wages" under Title II, and the circumstances were not such as to place him upon further inquiry.

(v) Unawareness that he was actually employed by a covered employer when he reasonably believed his employer was another individual or firm which was not covered.

(vi) The continued issuance of checks to him after he sent notice of the deduction events, provided it led him to believe in good faith that he was entitled to checks subsequently received.

(vii) Lack of knowledge that deductions become applicable on the basis of earned wages rather than wages paid.

(viii) Lack of knowledge that bonuses and vacation pay and the like, which

are reasonably anticipated, constitute "wages."

(ix) Failure to realize that the work deduction provision is on a monthly basis, rather than quarterly.

(x) Receipt of a back-pay award.

(xi) Lack of knowledge by wife or child that the primary beneficiary has incurred work deductions, provided the wife or child is not living with the primary beneficiary and had no reason to know of his employment.

(2) *Situations of "fault"*—(i) *Degree of care.* An individual will not be without fault if the Administration has evidence in its possession which shows either a lack of good faith or failure to exercise a high degree of care in determining whether circumstances which may cause deductions from his benefits should be brought to the attention of the Administration by an immediate report or by return of a benefit check. The high degree of care expected of an individual may vary with the complexity of the circumstances giving rise to the overpayment and the capacity of the particular payee to realize that he is being overpaid. Accordingly, variances in the personal circumstances and situations of individual payees are to be considered in determining whether the necessary degree of care has been exercised by an individual to warrant a finding that he was without fault in accepting a "deduction overpayment."

(ii) *Subsequent "deduction overpayments."* An individual will not be without fault where, after having been exonerated for a "deduction overpayment" and after having been advised of the correct interpretation of the deduction provision, he incurs another "deduction overpayment" under the same circumstances as the first overpayment.

(3) *Waiver situations.* (i) In the situations described in subparagraphs (1) (i) and (ii) of this paragraph, adjustment or recovery is barred since it will be deemed that adjustment or recovery would be "against equity and good conscience."

(ii) In the situations described in subparagraphs (1) (iii) to (x), inclusive, of this paragraph, if the monthly net cash earnings ("take-home" pay) did not exceed the total benefits affected or $18.75, whichever is greater, adjustment or recovery is barred since it will be deemed that adjustment or recovery would be "against equity and good conscience." Where the net cash earnings exceeded the total benefits affected and also exceeded $18.75, there shall be no adjustment or recovery only if it appears that adjustment or recovery would "defeat the purpose of Title II" or would otherwise be "against equity and good conscience."

(iii) In the situation described in subparagraph (1) (xi) of this paragraph, there shall be no adjustment or recovery only if the wife or child establishes that adjustment or recovery would "defeat the purpose of Title II" or would be "against equity and good conscience."

(Sec. 205 (a), 53 Stat. 1368; sec. 1102, 49 Stat. 647; 42 U. S. C. 405 (a), 1302; sec. 4 Reorg. Plan No. 2 of 1946, 11 F. R. 7873; interprets sec. 203 (g), 53 Stat. 1368, 42 U. S. C 403 (g), as amended by sec. 406 (b), 60 Stat 988, 42 U. S. C. 403 (g); and sec. 204 (a), (b), 53 Stat. 1368, 42 U. S. C. 404 (a), (b))

Dated: April 30, 1948.

[SEAL] A. J. ALTMEYER,
Commissioner for Social Security.

Approved: May 6, 1948.

OSCAR R. EWING,
Federal Security Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4242; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:59 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter VIII—Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce

Subchapter B—Export Control

PART 800—ORDERS AND DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY

REVOCATION OF ORDERS CONCENNING CERTAIN BITUMINOUS COAL EXPORT LICENSES

It is hereby ordered, That, effective immediately, the orders entitled "Order Modifying Validity of Certain Bituminous Coal Export Licenses", dated December 22, 1947 (12 F. R. 8891) and "Order Suspending Bituminous Coal Export Licenses", dated March 19, 1948 (13 F. R. 1561), respectively, are hereby revoked.

(Sec. 6, 54 Stat. 714, 55 Stat. 206, 56 Stat. 463, 58 Stat. 671, 59 Stat. 270, 60 Stat. 215, 61 Stat. 214, 61 Stat. 321, Pub. Law 395, 80th Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. and Sup. 701, 702; E. O. 9630, Sept. 27, 1945, 10 F. R. 12245, E. O. 9919, Jan. 3, 1948, 13 F. R. 59)

Dated: May 5, 1948.

FRANCIS MCINTYRE,
Assistant Director,
Office of International Trade.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4243; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:59 a. m.]

TITLE 37—PATENTS, TRADEMARKS, AND COPYRIGHTS

Chapter I—Patent Office, Department of Commerce

PART 10—ORGANIZATION AND FUNCTIONS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Part 10 (11 F. R. 177A-331-334, as amended by 12 F. R. 5874-7) is hereby further amended to read as follows:

1. Sections 10.3 to 10.13, inclusive, are amended as follows:

§ 10.3 *General organization.* The Patent Office is organized broadly in (a) the Office of Commissioner of Patents (see § 10.4), (b) the Office of the Solicitor (see § 10.5), (c) the Board of Appeals (see § 10.6), (d) the Board of Interference Examiners (see § 10.7), (e) the Office of the Examiner of Trade-mark Interferences (see § 10.8), (f) the Patent Examining Operation (see § 10.9), (g) the Trade-mark Examining Operation (see § 10.13), and (h) the Executive Office (see § 10.14). Various offices and divisions are described in greater detail in the following sections but administrative or internal matters are omitted or mentioned only briefly.

§ 10.4 *Office of Commissioner of Patents.* This office comprises the Commissioner of Patents, a First Assistant Commissioner of Patents, and two Assistant Commissioners of Patents. As head of the Patent Office, the Commissioner of Patents superintends or performs all duties respecting the granting and issuing of patents and the registration of trade-marks; exercises general supervision over the entire work of the Patent Office; prescribes the rules, subject to the approval of the Secretary of Commerce, for the conduct of proceedings in the Patent Office and for recognition of attorneys and agents; decides various questions brought before him by petition or appeal as prescribed by the rules, and performs other duties necessary and required for the administration of the Patent Office and the performance of its functions. The Assistant Commissioners perform such of the foregoing duties pertaining to the Office of Commissioner as may be assigned by the Commissioner. One of them acts as head of the Patent Office, when designated, in the temporary absence of the Commissioner.

§ 10.5 *Office of the Solicitor.* This office comprises the Solicitor and Law Examiners who constitute the legal staff of the Commissioner. They have charge of litigation in which the Patent Office is a party, acting as counsel in appeals to the United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals and in suits against the Commissioner; investigate legal and legislative matters for the Commissioner; develop and present to the Commissioner evidence in proceedings for disbarment and suspension of attorneys and agents from practice before the Patent Office; edit the legal portion of the Official Gazette, and perform such other duties in matters coming before the Commissioner as he may assign.

§ 10.6 *Board of Appeals.* The Commissioner, Assistant Commissioners and nine Examiners-in-Chief constitute a Board of Appeals whose duty is to hear and decide appeals from adverse decisions of examiners upon applications for patents. Each appeal is heard and considered by at least three members of the Board of Appeals. Their decisions are reviewable by the courts. The temporary designation of additional members of the Board of Appeals from examiners of the Principal Examiner grade or higher is authorized by Public Law 620, 79th Congress.

§ 10.7 *Board of Interference Examiners.* The Board of Interference Examiners makes final determination for the Patent Office of the question of priority of invention in proceedings involving rival claimants to the same or substantially the same patentable invention. This Board in each case is comprised of three members designated by the Commissioner from among the nine Examiners of Interferences. Decisions of the Board are reviewable by the courts.

§ 10.8 *Office of the Examiner of Trade-mark Interferences.* The func-

tion of this office is to determine and decide the respective rights of registration in case of interference, opposition to registration, application to register as a lawful concurrent user, and application to cancel the registration of a mark. Final decisions of the Examiner in charge of interferences may be appealed to the Commissioner of Patents.

§ 10.9 *Patent Examining Operation.* The Patent Examining Operation comprising a Classification Group and five Patent Examining Groups is one of three major operating subdivisions of the Patent Office. It is under the direction of the Executive Primary Examiner. He assists the Commissioner in administering the Patent Office with respect to examination of patent applications and classification of the known art; in coordinating formal procedures and practices among the examining groups; and in developing and maintaining competence in professional and technical aspects of classification and patent examining work. He is assisted by five Supervisory Patent Examiners each of whom heads a Patent Examining Group to which a number of examining divisions are assigned for administrative and other purposes according to class of art. Each Supervisory Patent Examiner coordinates operations among his respective constituent examining divisions; develops the productive capacity of divisions and insures their proficiency of operation; effects general uniformity in the application of office policies, rules, and directives; and acts on such matters of technical nature as are referred by superiors.

§ 10.10 *Patent Examining Divisions.* The work of examining patent applications is divided among the various patent examining divisions, which are designated by number, and a design division each having jurisdiction over certain assigned fields of invention. Each division is headed by a Primary Patent Examiner and staffed by a number of examiners, one of whom is designated to act as head of the division in the absence of the Primary Examiner. The functions of the patent examining divisions are to develop the formal sufficiency of patent applications; determine the patentable novelty of claims in patent applications through search of the prior art and consideration of all matters relating to merit and, accordingly, allow or reject claims; institute actions for determination of priority of invention and make holdings of abandonment in instances where necessary; render opinions on the merits of appealable actions; and classify technical reference material. The Primary Patent Examiner is responsible for all actions on pending applications and for allowance of patents issuing from his division. An appeal can be taken to the Board of Appeals from his decision refusing a patent and review by the Commissioner may be had on other matters by petition.

§ 10.11 *Classification Group.* The Classification Group is headed by the Supervisory Classification Examiner and is composed of a Service Branch and five Examining Divisions among which the various classes of art are distributed. The functions of the Classification Group are to develop and insure the effective application and use of a system for the classification of prior published scientific and technological art requiring search in the examination of patent applications and to insure the uniform application of the law and practice governing requirements to divide patent applications.

§ 10.13 *Trade-mark Examining Operation.* This is the major operating subdivision of the Patent Office which is responsible for the examination of applications for the registration of trademarks and the performance of other duties relating thereto. It is under the direction of the Executive Examiner, known as the Examiner of Trade-marks, and is composed of a Trade-mark Classification Division and the Trade-mark Examining Group. The former is responsible for developing and maintaining a system for the classification of goods and services and for insuring its effective application and use in the examination of applications for the registration of marks and maintenance of the Trade-mark Digest. The Trade-mark Examining Group is headed by the Supervisory Trade-mark Examiner who directs, coordinates and reviews the work of six numbered examining divisions, a Service Mark Division, and a Trade-mark Renewal Division. Their functions are to develop the formal sufficiency of trademark applications; determine the registrable merit of marks; insure the proper observance of requirements with respect to classification; make holdings of abandonment, institute actions for determination of priority and rule on motions in connection therewith. The Renewal Division performs these functions in connection with the renewal of registrations or the republication of marks.

2. In paragraph (a) of § 10.14 *Executive Office,* delete "Administrative Management and Budget Division"; substitute "Administrative Management Division". Add the following paragraph:

(f) Budget Division.

3. In § 10.27, delete the following head under paragraph (j): *"United States Statutes concerning registration of trade-marks and the rules of the Patent Office relating thereto"*; substitute: *"Rules of practice in trade-mark cases with forms and statutes, July 5, 1947".*

(R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22)

[SEAL] L. C. KINGSLAND,
Commissioner of Patents.

Approved:

WILLIAM C. FOSTER,
Acting Secretary of Commerce.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4244; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:59 a. m.]

PART 100—RULES OF PRACTICE IN TRADE-MARK CASES

EXTENSION OF TIME FOR RENEWING TRADE-MARK REGISTRATION: THE PHILIPPINES

CROSS REFERENCE: For the granting to the Philippines of extension of time for renewing trade-mark registrations of the type noted in § 100.352, see Proclamation 2786 under Title 3, *supra.*

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION AND RAILROADS

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

[Rev. S. O. 775, Amdt. 1]

PART 95—CAR SERVICE

DEMURRAGE ON RAILROAD FREIGHT CARS

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 5th day of May A. D. 1948.

Upon further consideration of Revised Service Order No. 775 (13 F. R. 2379), and good cause appearing therefor: It is ordered, that:

Section 95.775 *Demurrage on railroad freight cars,* of Revised Service Order 775, be amended by adding the following exception to paragraphs (a) and (b) thereof:

Exception. On gondola and open top hopper cars suitable for loading any kind of coal the demurrage charges shall be $3.30 per car per day or fraction thereof for the first two days; $5.50 per car per day or fraction thereof for the third day; $11 per car per day or fraction thereof for the fourth day; and $16.50 per car per day or fraction thereof for each succeeding day.

On cars described above which are subject to average agreement, the $3.30 per day debit charge may be offset or reduced by accrued credits as provided in applicable demurrage tariffs, *Provided, however,* That the $5.50, $11 and $16.50 per day charges may not be offset or reduced, except on run-around cars.

Application. The number of days cars subject to the above exception are held prior to the effective date hereof shall be counted to determine demurrage charges on and after that date.

It is further ordered, that this amendment shall become effective at 7:00 a. m., May 13, 1948, and a copy be served upon the State railroad regulatory bodies of each State, and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

(40 Stat. 101, sec. 402, 41 Stat. 476, sec. 4, 54 Stat. 901; 49 U. S. C. 1 (10)-(17))

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4235; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:47 a. m.]

[Rev. S. O. 776, Amdt. 1]

PART 95—CAR SERVICE

CAR DEMURRAGE ON STATE BELT RAILROAD OF CALIFORNIA

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 5th day of May A. D. 1948.

Upon further consideration of Revised Service Order No. 776 (13 F. R. 2380), and good cause appearing therefor: It is ordered, that:

Section 95.776 *Car demurrage on State Belt Railroad of California* of Revised Service Order 776 be amended by adding the following exception to paragraph (a) (2) thereof:

Exception. On gondola and open top hopper cars suitable for loading any kind of coal the demurrage charges shall be $3.30 per car per day or fraction thereof for the first two days; $5.50 per car per day or fraction thereof for the third day; $11 per car per day or fraction thereof for the fourth day; and 16.50 per car per day or fraction thereof for each succeeding day.

Application. The number of days cars subject to the above exception are held prior to the effective date hereof shall be counted to determine demurrage charges on and after that date.

It is further ordered, that this amendment shall become effective at 7:00 a. m., May 13, 1948, and a copy be served upon the California State Railroad Commission and upon the State Belt Railroad of California; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

(40 Stat. 101, sec. 402, 41 Stat. 476, sec. 4, 54 Stat. 901; 49 U. S. C. 1 (10)–(17))

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 48-4234; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 50—WILDLIFE

Chapter I—Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior

Subchapter Q—Alaska Commercial Fisheries

PART 222—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA, ICY STRAIT DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

PART 224—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA, EASTERN DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

1. Effective only through December 31, 1948, § 222.16 is amended, as follows:

In § 222.16 *Areas open to salmon traps,* paragraphs (a), (b) (2), (c), (g), (i) (2), and (m) are hereby suspended, and paragraphs (k) and (l) (2) are amended to read as follows:

(k) Mainland: (1) Within 2,500 feet of a point at 58 degrees 14 minutes 13 seconds north latitude, 135 degrees 17 minutes 34 seconds west longitude, and (2) within 2,500 feet of a point at 58 degrees 12 minutes 59 seconds north latitude, 135 degrees 10 minutes 46 seconds west longitude.

(l) Chichagof Island: * * *

(2) Within 2,500 feet of a point at 58 degrees 5 minutes 43 seconds north latitude, 135 degrees 13 minutes 21 seconds west longitude.

2. Effective only through December 31, 1948, § 224.16 is hereby amended as follows:

In § 224.16 *Areas open to salmon traps,* paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (f) (4), and (i) (3) are hereby suspended, and paragraph (e) (2) is amended to read as follows:

(2) Within 2,500 feet of a point at 57 degrees 20 minutes 59 seconds north latitude, 133 degrees 52 minutes 53 seconds west longitude.

(Sec. 1, 43 Stat. 464, as amended; 48 U. S. C. 221; sec. 4 (e), Reorg. Plan No. II of 1939, 4 F. R. 2731)

WILLIAM E. WARNE, *Assistant Secretary of the Interior.*

APRIL 30, 1948.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4233; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:47 a. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Production and Marketing Administration

[P. & S. Docket No. 1532]

MARKET AGENCIES AT MISSISSIPPI VALLEY STOCK YARDS, ST. LOUIS, MO.

NOTICE OF PETITION FOR CONTINUANCE AND MODIFICATION OF TEMPORARY RATES

Pursuant to the provisions of the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921, as amended (7 U. S. C. 181 et seq.), the Judicial Officer issued an order on June 9, 1947 (6 A. D. 533) extending the provisions of certain prior orders in the proceeding to and including June 30, 1948.

By petition filed on April 23, 1948, the respondents have requested that, during the period beginning July 1, 1948, and ending June 30, 1949, they be authorized to charge and assess the same rates and charges now in effect with the modifications set out below:

1. That a bull in a consignment be classified as a separate species, but shall weigh 800 lbs. or over.
2. That the selling charge for bulls shall be $1.00 per head.
3. That the selling charge for cattle shall be:

	Per head
Consignments of one head and one head only	$1.00
That the selling charge for cattle shall be—Continued	*Per head*
Consignments of more than one head:	
First 15 head in each consignment	$0.80
Each head over 15 in each consignment	.75
4. That the selling charge for calves shall be:	
First 5 head in each consignment	.40
Each head over 5 in each consignment	.35
5. That the selling charge for hogs shall be:	
First 10 head in each consignment	.30
Next 15 head in each consignment	.25
Each head over 25 in each consignment	.22

6. That the buying commissions shall be the same as the selling commissions when purchased in other than carload lots.

Inasmuch as the modifications petitioned for, if granted, will produce additional revenue for the respondents and increase the cost of marketing to shippers, it appears that public notice of the filing of the petition should be given.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given of the filing of the petition for modification of the rates presently authorized and for continuance of the present rates as so modified to and including June 30, 1949.

All interested persons who desire to be heard upon the matter shall notify the Hearing Clerk, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C., within 15 days from the date of publication of this notice.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 6th day of May 1948.

[SEAL] PRESTON RICHARDS, *Acting Director, Livestock Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.*

[F. R. Doc. 48-4238; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:48 a. m.]

[7 CFR, Part 913]

[Docket No. AO 23-A8]

GREATER KANSAS CITY MARKETING AREA

NOTICE OF HEARING ON HANDLING OF MILK WITH RESPECT TO PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO TENTATIVE MARKETING AGREEMENT AND TO ORDER, AS AMENDED

Pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and in accordance with the applicable rules of practice and procedure, as amended (7 CFR., Supps. 900.1 et seq.; 12 F. R. 1159, 4904), notice is hereby given of a public hearing

to be held in the Federal Building at Kansas City, Missouri, beginning at 10 a. m. c. s. t., June 2, 1948, for the purpose of receiving evidence with respect to the proposed amendments hereinafter set forth or appropriate modifications thereof to the tentative marketing agreement heretofore approved (12 F. R. 6297) by the Secretary of Agriculture and to the order, as amended, regulating the handling of milk in the Greater Kansas City marketing area (7 CFR, Supps., 913.0 et seq.; 12 F. R. 6426). These proposed amendments have not received the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture.

The following proposed amendments on which evidence will be received were submitted by the Pure Milk Producers Association of Greater Kansas City, Inc., and Bates County Milk Producers Association:

1. Delete the proviso contained in § 913.5 (a) (1) and substitute therefor the following: *"Provided,* That prior to April 1, 1950 the price shall be the price determined pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section plus $1.00 during the months of March, April, May, June, July, and August and plus $1.45 during the remaining months."

2. Delete the proviso contained in § 913.5 (a) (2) and substitute therefor the following: *"Provided,* That prior to April 1, 1950 the price shall be the price determined pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section plus 75 cents during the months of March, April, May, June, July and August and plus $1.20 during the remaining months."

Copies of this notice of hearing may be procured from M. M. Morehouse, Market Administrator, 510 Porter Building, 406 W. 34th Street, Kansas City, Missouri, or from the Hearing Clerk, United States Department of Agriculture, Room 1846 South Building, Washington 25, D. C., or may be there inspected.

[SEAL] S. R. NEWELL,
Acting Assistant Administrator.

MAY 6, 1948.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4240; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:48 a. m.]

[7 CFR, Part 980]

[Docket No. AO 182-A1]

TOPEKA, KANSAS MARKETING AREA

NOTICE OF HEARING ON HANDLING OF MILK WITH RESPECT TO PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO TENTATIVE MARKETING AGREEMENT AND TO ORDER

Pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and in accordance with the applicable rules of practice and procedure, as amended (7 CFR., Supps., 900.1 et seq.; 12 F. R. 1159, 4904), notice is hereby given of a public hearing to be held in Room 82, Federal Building, at Topeka, Kansas, beginning at 10:00 a. m., c. s. t., June 4, 1948, for the purpose of receiving evidence with respect to the proposed amendments hereinafter set forth or appropriate modifications thereof to the tentative marketing agreement heretofore approved (12 F. R. 7920) by the Secretary of Agriculture and to the order regulating the handling of milk in the Topeka, Kansas marketing area (7 CFR., Supps., 980.0 et seq.; 12 F. R. 8377). These proposed amendments have not received the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture.

The following proposed amendments on which evidence will be received were submitted by the Shawnee County Milk Producers Association.

1. Delete § 980.5 (a) (1) and substitute therefor the following:

(1) *Class I milk.* The price per hundredweight for Class I milk shall be the price determined pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section plus 60 cents during the delivery periods of March, April, May, June, July, and August and plus 80 cents during the remaining delivery periods: *Provided,* That prior to April 1, 1950 the price per hundredweight for Class I milk shall be the price determined pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section plus 85 cents during the delivery periods of March, April, May, June, July, and August and plus $1.30 during the remaining delivery periods.

2. Delete § 980.5 (a) (2) and substitute therefor the following:

(2) *Class II milk.* The price per hundredweight for Class II milk shall be the price determined pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section plus 35 cents during the delivery periods of March, April, May, June, July, and August and plus 55 cents during the remaining delivery periods: *Provided,* That prior to April 1, 1950 the price per hundredweight for Class II milk shall be the price determined pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section plus 60 cents during the delivery periods of March, April, May, June, July, and August and plus $1.05 during the remaining delivery periods.

Copies of this notice of hearing may be procured from Mr. Max M. Morehouse, Market Administrator, 438 New England Building, Fifth and Kansas Avenue, Topeka, Kansas, or from the Hearing Clerk, United States Department of Agriculture, Room 1846 South Building, Washington 25, D. C., or may be there inspected.

Dated: May 6, 1948.

[SEAL] S. R. NEWELL,
Acting Assistant Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4239; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:48 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

[29 CFR, Part 688]

MINIMUM WAGE RECOMMENDATION OF SPECIAL INDUSTRY COMMITTEE NO. 5 FOR PUERTO RICO FOR THE ARTIFICIAL FLOWER INDUSTRY

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

Pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. Supp., 1001), and the rules of practice governing this proceeding (12 F. R. 7890, 7891), notice is hereby given of the decision of the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, with respect to the recommendation of Special Industry Committee No. 5 for Puerto Rico for a minimum wage rate in the Artificial Flower Industry in Puerto Rico, and of the wage order which he proposes to issue pursuant thereto. The decision[1] and proposed wage order are set forth below. Interested parties may submit written exceptions thereto to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, Washington 25, D. C., within 15 days from publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. Exceptions should be submitted in quadruplicate, and should include supporting reasons for any exceptions presented.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 4th day of May 1948.

WM. R. MCCOMB,
Administrator,
Wage and Hour Division.

Whereas, on June 16, 1947, pursuant to section 5 (c) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, hereinafter called the act, I, as Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division of the United States Department of Labor, by Administrative Order No. 367, appointed Special Industry Committee No. 5 for Puerto Rico, hereinafter called the Committee, and directed the Committee to proceed first to investigate conditions and to recommend to me minimum wage rates for employees in the Sugar Manufacturing Industry in Puerto Rico, as defined in Administrative Order No. 367, and thereafter to investigate conditions and to recommend to me minimum wage rates for employees in other industries enumerated and defined in the order, as amended by Administrative Order No. 369, including the Artificial Flower Industry in Puerto Rico, in accordance with the provisions of the act and rules and regulations promulgated thereunder; and

Whereas, the Committee for purposes of investigating conditions and recommending minimum wage rates for employees in the Artificial Flower Industry in Puerto Rico, included three disinterested persons representing the public, a like number representing employers, and a like number representing employees in the Artificial Flower Industry in Puerto Rico, and was composed of residents of Puerto Rico and of the United States outside of Puerto Rico; and

Whereas, the Committee, after investigating economic and competitive conditions in the Artificial Flower Industry in Puerto Rico, filed with me a report containing its recommendation for a minimum wage rate of 33 cents per hour to be paid employees in the industry who are engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce; and

Whereas, pursuant to notices published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on January 8,

[1] Filed as part of the original document. Copies are available on request at the Wage and Hour Division, Department of Labor, Washington, D. C.

1948, and circulated to all interested persons, a public hearing upon the Committee's recommendation was held before Hearing Examiner Clifford P. Grant in Washington, D. C., on January 29, 1948, at which all interested parties were given an opportunity to be heard; and

Whereas, upon reviewing all the evidence adduced in this proceeding and after giving consideration to the provisions of the act, particularly sections 5 and 8 thereof, I have concluded that the recommendation of the Committee for a minimum wage rate in the Artificial Flower Industry in Puerto Rico, as defined, was made in accordance with law, is supported by the evidence adduced at the hearing, and, taking into consideration the same factors as are required to be considered by the Committee, will carry out the purposes of sections 5 and 8 of the act; and

Whereas, I have set forth my decision in a document entitled "Findings and Opinion of the Administrator in the Matter of the Recommendation of Special Industry Committee No. 5 for Puerto Rico for a Minimum Wage Rate in the Artificial Flower Industry in Puerto Rico", a copy of which may be had upon request addressed to the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, Washington 25, D. C.;

Now, therefore, it is ordered that:

Sec.
688.1 Approval of recommendation of Industry Committee.
688.2 Wage rate.
688.3 Notices of order.
688.4 Definition of the Artificial Flower Industry in Puerto Rico.

AUTHORITY: §§ 688.1 to 688.4, inclusive, issued under secs. 5(e) and 8 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (sec. 3 (c), 54 Stat. 615; Sec. 8, 52 Stat. 1064; 29 U. S. C. 205 (e), 208).

§ 688.1 *Approval of recommendation of Industry Committee.* The Committee's recommendation is hereby approved.

§ 688.2 *Wage rate.* Wages at the rate of not less than 33 cents per hour shall be paid under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 by every employer to each of his employees in the Artificial Flower Industry in Puerto Rico who is engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.

§ 688.3 *Notices of order.* Every employer employing any employees so engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce in the Artificial Flower Industry in Puerto Rico shall post and keep posted in a conspicuous place in each department of his establishment where such employees are working such notices of this order as shall be prescribed from time to time by the Wage and Hour Division of the United States Department of Labor and shall give such other notice as the Division may prescribe.

§ 688.4 *Definition of the Artificial Flower Industry in Puerto Rico.* The Artificial Flower Industry in Puerto Rico, to which this order shall apply, is hereby defined as follows: The manufacture and assembling of artificial flowers, buds, berries, foliage, leaves, fruits, plants, stems and branches.

This definition does not include such products as are not commonly or commercially known as "artificial", such as flowers made by blowing glass, molding plastic, or carving wood. This definition supersedes the definitions contained in any and all wage orders heretofore issued for other industries in Puerto Rico to the extent that such definitions include products or operations covered by the definition of this industry.

Effective date. This wage order shall become effective July 12, 1948.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 4th day of May 1948.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4135; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:47 a. m.]

NOTICES

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. E-6132]

CALIFORNIA ELECTRIC POWER CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER AUTHORIZING AND APPROVING ISSUANCE OF PROMISSORY NOTES

MAY 6, 1948.

Notice is hereby given that, on May 5, 1948, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered May 5, 1948, authorizing and approving issuance of promissory notes in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 48-4231; Filed May 11, 1948; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-466]

HOPE NATURAL GAS CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER MODIFYING PREVIOUS ORDER

MAY 6, 1948.

Notice is hereby given that, on May 5, 1948, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered May 4, 1948, in the above-designated matter modifying previous order of October 3, 1945, issuing certificate of public convenience and necessity.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 48-4227; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-954]

MID-EAST TENNESSEE NATURAL GAS CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER DISMISSING APPLICATION

MAY 6, 1948.

Notice is hereby given that, on May 5, 1948, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered May 4, 1948, in the above-designated matter dismissing application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 48-4228; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-981]

NORTHERN NATURAL GAS CO.

NOTICE OF FINDINGS AND ORDER ISSUING CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY AND PERMITTING AND APPROVING THE ABANDONMENT OF CERTAIN FACILITIES

MAY 6, 1948.

Notice is hereby given that, on May 5, 1948, the Federal Power Commission issued its findings and order entered May 4, 1948, issuing certificate of public convenience and necessity and permitting and approving the abandonment of certain facilities in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 48-4226; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-993]

PENN-YORK NATURAL GAS CORP.

NOTICE OF FINDINGS AND ORDER ISSUING CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY

MAY 6, 1948.

Notice is hereby given that, on May 5, 1948, the Federal Power Commission issued its findings and order entered May 4, 1948, issuing certificate of public convenience and necessity in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 48-4225; Filed, May 11, 19[illegible]; 8:45 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1040]

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

MAY 4, 1948.

Notice is hereby given that on April 26, 1948, an application was filed with the Federal Power Commission by Southern California Gas Company (Applicant), a California corporation with its principal place of business at 810 South Flower Street, Los Angles, California, for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, authorizing Applicant to construct and operate a natural gas pipe line extending from a connection with Applicant's 30-inch Texas to California pipe line, near Desert Center,

California, to the Town of Calexico, California, for the purpose of rendering natural gas service to the Towns of Brawley, El Centro, and Calexico in which Applicant is now rendering butane-air mixed gas service and to the communities of Niland, Calipatria, Imperial, Holtville and Heber which do not have gas service.

Applicant states that the proposed line to be known as the Imperial Valley Pipe Line will be 73 miles in length ranging between 16 and 4 inches in diameter.

The estimated natural gas requirements to be met from the proposed pipe line at the end of the first year of operation are 1,896,354 Mcf and at the end of the fifth year of operation they are estimated at 2,546,000 Mcf per year.

Applicant states that it expects to complete the construction about November 1, 1948, so as to meet this coming winter demand for gas in the communities. It is estimated that the cost of the pipe line will be approximately $1,150,000.

Any interested State commission is requested to notify the Federal Power Commission whether the application should be considered under the cooperative provisions of Rule 37 of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.37) and, if so, to advise the Federal Power Commission as to the nature of its interest in the matter and whether it desires a conference, the creation of a board, or a joint or concurrent hearing, together with reasons for such request.

The application of Southern California Gas Company is on file with the Commission and is open to public inspection. Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to the application shall file with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., not later than 15 days from date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, a petition to intervene or protest. Such petition or protest shall conform to the requirements of Rule 8 or 10, whichever is applicable, of the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10).

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4232; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:46 a. m.]

[Project No. 308]

PACIFIC POWER AND LIGHT CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER DETERMINING NET CHANGES IN ACTUAL LEGITIMATE INVESTMENT AND PRESCRIBING ACCOUNTING THEREFOR

MAY 6, 1948.

Notice is hereby given that, on May 5, 1948, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered May 4, 1948, in the above-designated matter determining net changes in actual legitimate investment and prescribing accounting therefor.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4229; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:46 a. m.]

[Project No. 1080]

HOOK-ASTON MILLING CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER AUTHORIZING ISSUANCE OF ANNUAL LICENSE (MINOR)

MAY 6, 1948.

In the matter of George H. Wilking, doing business as The Hook-Aston Milling Company.

Notice is hereby given that, on May 5, 1948, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered May 4, 1948, authorizing issuance of annual license (minor) in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4230; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:46 a. m.]

[Project No. 1992]

HAL T. HYLTON

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR LICENSE

MAY 7, 1948.

Public notice is hereby given that Hal T. Hylton, of Mill Creek, Tehama County, California, has filed application for license for constructed Project No. 1992 on Guernsey Creek and an unnamed tributary thereof, in Tehama County, California, consisting of a low stone and concrete diversion dam on an unnamed tributary of Guernsey Creek, impounding water from 3 springs; a pipeline about 1,900 feet long; a powerhouse on Guernsey Creek containing a 24-horsepower water wheel and an 18.7-kilowatt generator; and appurtenant facilities.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4237; Filed, May 11, 1948; 8:48 a. m.]

[Docket No. E-6140]

CALIFORNIA ELECTRIC POWER CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

MAY 11, 1948.

Notice is hereby given that on May 10, 1948, an application was filed with the Federal Power Commission, pursuant to Section 204 of the Federal Power Act, by California Electric Power Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware and doing business in the States of California and Nevada, with its principal business office at Riverside, California, seeking an order authorizing the issuance of $2,500,000 principal amount of First Mortgage Bonds, ____% Series due 1978 and the sale of such bonds through competitive bidding; all as more fully appears in the application on file with the Commission.

Any person desiring to be heard, or to make any protest with reference to said application should on or before the 24th day of May 1948, file with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., a petition or protest in accordance with the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4358; Filed, May 11, 1948; 11:59 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

AUTHORITY: 40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, Pub. Laws 322, 671, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. and Supp. App. 1, 616, E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9788, Oct. 14, 1946, 11 F. R. 11981.

[Vesting Order 11092]

GERTRUDE GRUNICH (BARTHA)

In re: Claim of Gertrude Grunich (Bartha), also known as Gertrud Bartha (nee Gruenich). F-28-28777-C-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Gertrude Grunich (Bartha), also known as Gertrud Bartha (nee Gruenich), whose last known address is 14a Zuttlingen, c/o Papst, krs. Heilbronn, c/o Neckar, Germany Privat, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain claim of Gertrude Grunich (Bartha), also known as Gertrud Bartha (nee Gruenich), against John R. Harcha, Superintendent of Building and Loan Associations, State of Ohio, as liquidator of The American Loan and Savings Association, 302 Mutual Home Building, Dayton 2, Ohio, representing that portion of the proceeds of liquidation of said The American Loan and Savings Association allocable to Temporary Deposit Account, Claim No. 854, therein, evidenced by checks in the custody of said John R. Harcha, and any and all rights in, to and under said checks, including the right to present for payment, and any and all rights in and under said claim,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used,

administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 15, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4245; Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 11105]

ADOLPH G. HIERONYMUS ET AL.

In re: Trust agreement between Adolph G. Hieronymus, and Meta Hieronymus Mueller, et al., dated December 27, 1929, as amended. File D-28-7439-G-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Hugo Hieronymus and Lina Hieronymus, whose last known address is Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the lawful descendants, names unknown, of Hugo Hieronymus, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That all right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof, and each of them, in and to and arising out of or under that certain trust agreement dated December 27, 1929, and amended on February 8, 1930, May 29, 1930, June 17, 1931, and April 6, 1932, by and between Adolph G. Hieronymus, and Meta Hieronymus Mueller, Adolf G. Hieronymus, and the City National Bank and Trust Company, Successor Co-Trustee of the Northern Trust Company, presently being administered by Meta Hieronymus Mueller, Glen Arbor, Michigan, and the City National Bank and Trust Company, 208 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, 90, Illinois, trustees,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the lawful descendents, names unknown, of Hugo Hieronymus, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 26, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4246; Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 11115]

EXPORTKREDITBANK, A. G.

In re: Bank account owned by Exportkreditbank, A. G. F-28-180-A-6.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Exportkreditbank, A. G., the last known address of which is Germany, is a corporation, partnership, association or other business organization, organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation of The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York, New York, arising out of an account entitled, Unpaid Dividend Account, representing dividends declared as of December 28, 1946, March 31, 1947 and September 30, 1947, on one hundred (100) shares of $20.00 par value stock of St. Louis Union Trust Company, 323 North Broadway, St. Louis, Missouri, evidenced by certificate numbered 12338, together with any and all accruals thereto, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 26, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4247; Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 11119]

AUGUST GUTHEIM

In re: Bank account and bonds owned by August Gutheim. F-28-13643.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That August Gutheim, whose last known address is 21 Soeckingerstrasse, Starnberg, Oberbayern, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. That certain debt or other obligation of City Bank Farmers Trust Company, 22 William Street, New York, New York, arising out of a principal account, account number 117544 2, entitled City Bank Farmers Trust Company as Trustee for Karl W. Neuhoff under agreement January 29, 1934—share of August Gutheim, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

b. United States Defense Savings Bonds, Series F, of $11,000.00 total face value, bearing the number 49544 for $1,000.00 and number 17133 for $10,000.00 presently in the custody of City Bank Farmers Trust Company, 22 William Street, New York, New York, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, August Gutheim, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or other-

wise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 26, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4248; Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 11121]

WILLIE HARMS

In re: Stock owned by Willie Harms. F-28-26584-D-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Willie Harms, whose last known address is Hamburg, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: Nine (9) shares of $100 par value 6% Cumulative Preferred capital stock of The Kansas Power and Light Company, 808 Kansas Avenue, Topeka, Kansas, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Kansas, evidenced by certificate number PO 22013, registered in the name of Willie Harms, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, and any rights to receive the proceeds of redemption therefor,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 26, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4249; Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 11127]

RISAKU KATO

In re: Stock owned by and debt owing to Risaku Kato. F-39-2624-D-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Risaku Kato, whose last known address is Teishaku-mura, Hibagun, Hiroshima-ken, Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: Fifty (50) shares of $10 par value common capital stock of Kukui Mortuary, Ltd., 247 N. Kukui Street, Honolulu, T. H., a corporation organized under the laws of the Territory of Hawaii, evidenced by Certificate Number 29, registered in the name of Risaku Kato, and presently in the custody of Cooke Trust Company, Limited, 926 Fort Street, Honolulu, T. H., together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 26, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4250; Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:01 a. m]

[Vesting Order 11130]

FRIED KRUPP A. G.

In re: Bank account owned by Fried Krupp Aktiengesellschaft. F-28-8797-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Fried Krupp Aktiengesellschaft, the last known adress of which is Germany, is a corporation, partnership, association or other business organization, organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany, and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation of The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, 18 Pine Street, New York, New York, representing dividends declared from July 1, 1941 to April 1, 1947 inclusive, on one hundred (100) shares of no par value common capital stock of The Lambert Company, 9 Rockefeller Plaza, New York 20, New York, evidenced by a certificate numbered XC 23309, said sum presently in an account entitled Unclaimed Dividends Account (Reichsbank Direktorium), together with any and all accruals thereto, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Fried Krupp Aktiengesellschaft, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 26, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4251; Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 11131]

LUCIE KUPFFENDER

In re: Bank accounts and bonds owned by Lucie Kupffender. F–28–11777.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Lucie Kupffender, whose last known address is Grunerstrasse 24, Dusseldorf, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. That certain debt or other obligation of City Bank Farmers Trust Company, 22 William Street, New York, New York, arising out of an income account, account number 117544 8, entitled City Bank Farmers Trust Company as Trustee for Karl W. Neuhoff under agreement January 29, 1934-share of Lucie Kupffender, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

b. That certain debt or other obligation of City Bank Farmers Trust Company, 22 William Street, New York, New York, arising out of a principal account, account number 117544 8, entitled City Bank Farmers Trust Company as Trustee for Karl W. Neuhoff under agreement January 29, 1934-share of Lucie Kupffender, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

c. United States Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness, Series E, of $4,000.00 total fact value, bearing the numbers 16168, 16169, 16170 and 16171 for $1,000.00 each, presently in the custody of City Bank Farmers Trust Company, 22 William Street, New York, New York, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Lucie Kupffender, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 26, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48–4252; Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 11132]

ROBERT KURZ

In re: Bank account and bonds owned by Robert Kurz. F–28–11789.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Robert Kurz, whose last known address is 53 Guentzelstrasse, Wilmersdorf, Berlin, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. That certain debt or other obligation of City Bank Farmers Trust Company, 22 William Street, New York, New York, arising out of a principal account, account number 117544 7, entitled City Bank Farmers Trust Company as Trustee for Karl W. Neuhoff under agreement January 29, 1934—share of Robert Kurz, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

b. United States Defense Savings Bonds, Series F, of $22,000.00 total face value, bearing the numbers 17390 and 17391 for $10,000 each and numbers 51145 and 51146 for $1,000.00 each, presently in the custody of City Bank Farmers Trust Company, 22 William Street, New York, New York, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Robert Kurz, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 26, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48–4253, Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 11133]

KURT MANGELSDORF ET AL.

In re: Debts owing to, and stamp collections owned by, Kurt Mangelsdorf, and others. F–28–13024–C–1, F–28–28795–C–1, F–28–9501, F–28–9501–C–1, F–28–10788, F–28–10788–C–1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Kurt Mangelsdorf, also known as Kurt Mangelsdorff, also known as Kurt Manglesdorf, whose last known address is Postfach 134, Karlsruhe, Germany, Hugo Jagelski, also known as Hans Jagelski, also known as H. Jagelski, whose last known address is Burgstrasse 1, Eisenach, Germany, Wilh E. Haack, whose last known address is Prenzlauer, Allee 202, Berlin, Germany, and K. Willy Lampel, whose last known addresss is 49 Weinestrasse, Dresden, Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. All those debts or other obligations owing to Kurt Mangelsdorf, also known as Kurt Mangelsdorff, also known as Kurt Manglesdorf, Hugo Jagelski, also known as Hans Jagelski, also known as H. Jagelski, Wilh E. Haack and K. Willy Lampel by J. E. Guest, 512 Burt Building, Dallas, Texas, including particularly but not limited to portions of the sum of money on deposit with the First National Bank in Dallas, Dallas, Texas, in a savings account, Account No. 84076, entitled J. E. Guest, in the amounts set forth below after their respective names:

Kurt Mangelsdorf, also known as Kurt Mangelsdorff, also known as Kurt Manglesdorf	$256.97
Hugo Jagelski, also known as Hans Jagelski, also known as H. Jagelski	118.34
Wilh E. Haack	960.69
K. Willy Lampel	31.13

and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

b. Those certain stamp collections, owned by Kurt Mangelsdorf, also known as Kurt Mangelsdorff, also known as Kurt Manglesdorf, and Hugo Jagelski, also known as Hans Jagelski, also known as H. Jagelski, and now in the possession of J. E. Guest, 512 Burt Building, Dallas, Texas,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliv-

erable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 26, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4254; Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 11159]

NICHOLAS W. GLAESSER

In re: Estate of Nicholas W. Glaesser, deceased. File D-28-12208: E. T. sec. 16427.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Mrs. Augusta Rau and Mrs. Albertine Kahlcker (Kalcker), whose last known addresses are Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the children, names unknown, of Mrs. Augusta Rau, and the children, names unknown, of Mrs. Albertine Kahlcker (Kalcker), who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof, and each of them, in and to the estate of Nicholas W. Glaesser, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

4. That such property is in the process of administration by Edward I. Adams, as Executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Probate Court, City of St. Louis, Missouri;

and it is hereby determined:

5. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the children, names unknown, of Mrs. Augusta Rau, and the children, names unknown, of Mrs. Albertine Kahlcker (Kalcker), are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 30, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4255; Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 11161]

MINNIE SAHRMAN

In re: Testamentary trust under will of Minnie Sahrman, deceased. File D-28-6614; E. T. sec. 4723.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Wilhelm Grunke, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Albert Hein, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof, and each of them, in and to the trust created under the will of Minnie Sahrman, deceased, presently being administered by the Northwestern National Bank of St. Louis, 1500 St. Louis Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri, Trustee,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof, and the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Albert Hein, deceased, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 30, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4256; Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 11194]

LOUIS K. HAUB

In re: Real property, property insurance policies and claim owned by Louis K. Haub.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Louis K. Haub, whose last known address is Weisbaden, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Real property, situated in the City of St. Joseph, County of Buchanan, State of Missouri, particularly described as the West eighty-one (81) feet of lot numbered five (5) in block numbered thirty-two (32) in Smith's Addition, together with all hereditaments, fixtures, improvements and appurtenances thereto, and any and all claims for rents, refunds, benefits or other payments arising from the ownership of such property,

b. All right, title and interest of Louis K. Haub in and to Fire and Extended Coverage Insurance Policy, No. 4032, in the amount of $8,500.00, issued by Franklin Fire Insurance Company, 421 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, which policy expires November 1, 1949 and insures the real property described in subparagraph 2-a hereof,

c. All right, title and interest of Louis K. Haub in and to Liability Insurance Policy, No. 30 L13116, in the amounts of $100,000/300,000, issued by Aetna Casualty and Surety Company, 151 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, Connecticut, which policy insures the real property described in subparagraph 2-a hereof,

together with any and all extensions or renewals thereof, and

d. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Louis K. Haub, by Missouri Valley Trust Company, 402 Felix Street, St. Joseph, Missouri, arising from rents collected from the real property described in subparagraph 2–a hereof, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraph 2–a hereof, subject to recorded liens, encumbrances and other rights of record held by or for persons who are not nationals of designated enemy countries, and

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraphs 2–b, 2–c and 2–d hereof,

All such property so vested to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on May 5, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4258; Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:02 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 11195]

OTOZUCHI AND TEI KANESHIGE

In re: Real property, insurance policies and claim owned by Otozuchi Kaneshige and Tei Kaneshige.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Otozuchi Kaneshige and Tei Kaneshige, whose last known addresses are Japan, are residents of Japan and nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Real property, situated at Waikiki, City and County of Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii, particularly described in Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, together with all hereditaments, fixtures, improvements and appurtenances thereto, and any and all claims for rents, refunds, benefits or other payments, arising from the ownership of such property,

b. All right, title and interest of Otozuchi Kaneshige in and to the following fire insurance policies:

Policy No. 500325, issued by the National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in the amount of $3,000.00, which policy expires on October 28, 1948 and insures the property known as 2118 Date Street, Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii,

Policy No. 500326, issued by the National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in the amount of $1,500.00, which policy expires on October 28, 1948, and insures the property known as 2118–A Date Street,

Policy No. 503331, issued by the National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in the amount of $1,000.00, which policy expires on May 4, 1949 and insures the property known as 2118–B Date Sreet, and

c. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Otozuchi Kaneshige and Tei Kaneshige, by Yasuto Kaneshige and Fannie C. Kaneshige, 2118 Date Street, Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii, arising out of the collection of rentals from the property described in subparagraph 2-a hereof, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraph 2–a hereof, subject to recorded liens, encumbrances and other rights of record held by or for persons who are not nationals of designated enemy countries, and

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraphs 2–b and 2–c hereof,

All such property so vested to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on May 5, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

That certain parcel of land situate at Waikiki, City and County of Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii, described as follows:

Lot "J", area 7,200.0 square feet, of Block Nineteen (19), as shown on Map 8, filed in the Office of the Assistant Registrar of the Land Court of the Territory of Hawaii with Land Court Application No. 279 (amended) of Guardian Trust Company, Limited, and being a portion of the land described in Transfer Certificate of Title No. 12,681 issued to Bishop Trust Company, Limited, Trustee.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4259; Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:02 a. m.]

CARLOS F. SAAVEDRA

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No. and Property and Location

Carlos F. Saavedra, Havana, Cuba, 4807; $13,412.76 in the Treasury of the United States.

All right, title, interest and estate, both legal and equitable, of Carlos F. Saavedra in and to that certain property held in trust by the Girard Trust Company, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, as trustee, under an indenture date August 26, 1937, for the benefit of Carlos F. Saavedra.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on May 5, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-4260; Filed, May 11, 1948; 9:02 a. m.]